

CHRONIC NEURODISABILITY STUDY

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

ORGANISATIONAL QUESTIONNAIRE 4. COMMUNITY PAEDIATRICS

Name of Trust/Board/Organisation:	
CONFID	ENTIAL
Who completed this questionnaire?	
Name:	
Position:	
What is this study about?	How to complete the form:
This study explores the quality of health care for children and young people aged 0-25 with chronic neurodisability across the UK.	Information will be collected using two methods; box cross and free text, where your opinion will be requested.
Aims: To identify remediable factors in the quality of care provided children and young people chronic disabling conditions, the cerebral palsies.	This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen. Please complete all questions with either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes provided e.g.
To examine the interface between different care settings	Following crisis or emergency referral, are there any standards set for assessment from time of referral?
To examine the transition of care	
Who should complete this form?	If you make a mistake, please "black-out" the incorrect box and re-enter the correct information,
The clinician/s with the best overall knowledge of community/disability healthcare that includes children and young people with cerebral palsies delivered by this organisation. Please link with	e.g. ■ Yes No
colleagues as need be to inform the most accurate possible response.	Unless indicated, please mark only one box per question.

Questions or help?

A list of definitions is provided on pages 2 of the questionnaire.

If you have any queries about this study or this questionnaire, please contact

cp@ncepod.org.uk

Or telephone: 020 7251 9060

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. The findings of the study will be published in late 2017.

ORGANISATIONAL ID	ORGANISATIONAL II)
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To ensure confidentiality of the data, completed questionnaire must be returned directly to

NCEPOD in the SAE provided.



	DEFINITIONS
Reasonable adjustments	"Employers and organisations such as hospitals, care homes and GP surgeries must take steps to remove the barriers people face because of their disabilities" (CQC, 2015. http://www.cqc.org.uk/content/glossary-terms-used-guidance-providers-and-managers#)
Interagency strategic partnership arrangements	A formal mechanism for considering the strategic needs of the local population of disabled children and young people
Out of hours	18:00 – 07:59 Monday to Friday and all day Saturday and Sunday
Accessibility of services	To be fully accessible, a service must have: o Accessible parking for the disabled o Ramped access o Doors wide enough for wheelchair access o Accessible toilets o Changing place for children and young people of all ages with cerebral palsies who are incontinent and need to be changed o Hoists o Accessible, height adjustable beds and examination couches o Appropriate scales e.g. wheelchair scales, hoist scales o Reasonable adjustments made to accommodate the specific needs of the disabled person
Individualised Emergency Health Care/Personal Resuscitation plan	Plan agreed with the lead clinician, that documents what has been discussed and agreed and with whom, about appropriate levels of intervention for the child/young person (e.g. any advance statements, advance decisions to refuse treatment, do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation decisions, variations from advanced life support guidelines, treatment or intervention limitations.
Capacity	As defined in the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (applies in E&W) and equivalent legislation in Scotland and NI See https://www.disabilitymatters.org.uk/course/view.php?id=62
Best-interests decision-making	See https://www.disabilitymatters.org.uk/course/view.php?id=63
Gross Motor Function Classification System (GMFCS)	See: https://www.canchild.ca/en/resources/42-gross-motor-function-classification-system-expanded-revised-gmfcs-e-r



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D. OPERATIONAL SERVICE DELIVERY MODEL FOR CLINICAL SERVICES

4.	Does this community/specialist disability care with cerebral palsy that are: (please tick all the		le clinics for ch	ildren and your	ng people
	Non-specialist - seen as part of genera	I commuity clin	ical caseload		
	Specialist uni-disciplinary, i.e. each spe	ecialist sees the	child or young	people separa	ately
	Multi-disciplinary for postural managem in the MDT clinics in the space below)	ent (please spe	ecify which pro	fessionals are i	nvolved
	Multi-disciplinary for feeding management in the MDT clinics in the space below)	ent (please spe	cify which prof	essionals are ir	nvolved
	Outreach clinics in special schools				
	Other (Please specify)				
5.	How do the various health professionals with children and young people with cerebral pals				althcare for
	Regular meetings	Ad hoo	meetings focu	sed on specific	c individuals
	Multidisciplinary clinics	□ No me email	etings but com	municate regul	arly by letter or
	Co-location of professionals	New Market State	ular arrangeme	ents for joint wo	orking
	Other (Please specify)				
6.	Please indicate how the following services an patients in the community? (Please tick all the		children and y	oung people w	ho are
		On-site	Off-site through a formal network	Off-site through an informal network	No access
	ediatrician with specialist expertise in urodisability/cerebral palsies				
Pa	ediatric neurologist				
Pa			<u></u>		
	ediatric gastroenterologist				
	ediatric gastroenterologist ediatric surgeon/general surgeon with an erest in children				
inte	ediatric surgeon/general surgeon with an				
Pa	ediatric surgeon/general surgeon with an erest in children				



6. Continued

On-site	Off-site through a formal network	Off-site through an informal network	No access
		through a formal	through a through an formal informal



E. SERVICES AND PROCEDURES

7a. Which of the following procedures/interventions can be accessed for children and young people with cerebral palsies seen in the community?

On-site	Off-site through a formal network	Off-site through an informal network	No access
7b. If MRI is undertaken, is this arranged for children and young people with suspected cerebral palsies: Routinely Selectively depending on clinical assessment (If MRI is selectively undertaken, please specify criteria)			
7c. Is there specialist paediatric neuroradiological expertise available to interpret MRI findings (not necessarily onsite)?			□ No
Routinely	On	an ad hoc basi	s
I from the paed	iatric outpatien	t department fo	or disabled
			Weeks
			Weeks
			Weeks
	dren and young Selectively depe	through a formal network	through a formal network through a informal network through a informal network through an informal n

F. ACCESSIBILITY

ACCESSIBILITY OF OUTPATIENT SERVICES FOR ALL CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE WITH CEREBRAL PALSIES INCLUDING WHEELCHAIR USERS WHO ARE TOTALLY DEPENDENT ON OTHERS FOR ALL CARE

8a. In general, across this outpatient service are there any problems with acc	ess to:	
	Yes	No
Accessible parking for the disabled		
Ramped access		
Doors wide enough for wheelchair access		
Accessible toilets		
A changing place providing privacy for essential personal care		
Accessible height adjustable beds and examination couches		
Hoists		
Appropriate scales (e.g. wheelchair scales, hoist scales)		
Reasonable adjustments made to accommodate the specific needs of the disabled child or young person		
8b. If yes to any of the above, please give details:	- 4	
C CYMPTOM MANACEMENT		
G. SYMPTOM MANAGEMENT 9a. For children and young people with cerebral palsies at GMFCS levels I are	nd II (independe	ntly mobile
without the need for devices) healthcare is most likely to be led by:		
GP Community paediatrician	General pae	
Disability paediatrician Orthopaedic surgeon only	paediatrician	surgeon and
Other (Please specify)		

9b.	For children and young people with cerdevices or wheelchairs for mobility, but manually or in power chair) healthcare	not completely dependent on o	
	☐ GP	Community paediatrician	General paediatrician
	Disability paediatrician	Orthopaedic surgeon only	Orthopaedic surgeon and paediatrician
	Other (Please specify)		
9c.	For children and young people with cer other people to propel wheelchairs for		
	☐ GP	Community paediatrician	General paediatrician
	Disability paediatrician	Orthopaedic surgeon and page	ediatrician
	Other (Please specify)		
10.	Is there a policy of ALWAYS enquiring each consultation?	about the presence (or not) of p	pain at Yes No
11a.	In general, who is responsible for hip s	urveillance? (Tick all that apply)	
	Physiotherapist	☐ GP	Community paediatrician
	General paediatrician	Disability paediatrician	Orthopaedic surgeon
	Ad hoc hip surveillance	No standardised hip su	rveillance in place
11b.	In general, who is responsible for spine	e surveillance for those at GMF0	CS III-V? (Tick all that apply)
	Physiotherapist	☐ GP	Community paediatrician
	General paediatrician	Disability paediatrician	Orthopaedic surgeon
	Ad hoc hip surveillance	No standardised hip su	rveillance in place
12a.	If a scoliosis or other spinal curvature i spinal orthopaedic surgeon?	s identified, is a referral made to	o the
12b.	If YES, is this:		
	Immediately on identification of the	ne curvature	
	When the clinician thinks the cur	vature may need surgical interve	ention
	Not referred to spinal orthopaedic	surgeon, managed conservativ	vely
13.	Are evidence-based guidelines (e.g. N assessment and management of patie		for the Yes No

G. SUPPORT SERVICES

14a. What FAMILY SUPPORT systems are available for children and young people with cerebral palsies who attend paediatric clinics? (Please tick all that apply)

The attent passians sinnes. (Fisase net an	On-site	Off-site through a formal network	Off-site through an informal network	No access
Children's social work team				
Parents information officer				
Carer support groups				
Clinical psychology				
Parent carer forum/council				
Young people's forum				
Young carer support				
Short breaks				
Advice on benefits and financial support				
Sibling support including psychology				
Other (Please specify)				
Children's social work team 14b. If a CHILDREN'S SOCIAL WORK TEAM is available, does this team support: All families with disabled children and young people routinely Only involved if there are safeguardinig issues				
14c. What are the thresholds for the involvement	of the team? (F	Please specify)		
Short breaks 15. Are short breaks available for all disabled chi families who need them?	ldren, young pe	eople and their	☐ Yes	☐ No

16.	Other than a social worker, is there a family liaison officer/support worker/carer's centre team for children and young people who are seen by this service?	Yes	☐ No
Scho	ool support		
17.	What SCHOOL SUPPORT systems are in place for children and young people seen by this service? (Please tick all that apply)	with cerebra	al palsies
	Specialist teachers for children and young people with physical and medic	al needs	
	Specialist teachers for children and young people with vision impairments		
	Specialist teachers for children and young people with hearing impairment	ts	
	Specialist teachers/team for children and young people with autism spectr	um disorde	rs
	Educational psychology		
	Other (Please specify)		
18.	Are you able to recommend accessible leisure opportunities that are available locally?	Yes	☐ No
H.	COMMUNICATION ISSUES		
100000			
19.	Whilst under this service, are children and young people given the opportunity to speak to health professionals without a parent present if they prefer to?	Yes	☐ No
20a.	Are "Right from the Start" (or equivalent) guidelines embedded in this community/disability service to inform communication about diagnosis?	Yes	☐ No
20b.	Has there been specific training in 'Right from the Start' (or equivalent) in this service?	Yes	☐ No
21.	Are parents given written information at the time of diagnosis?	Yes	☐ No
22.	Are parents provided with sources of information and support? (Please tick all the	nat apply)	
	☐ Locally ☐ Nationally		
	Please specify		
I. C	COMMUNICATION IN AN EMERGENCY		
23a.	Is there an agreed system in place for preparing written emergency health care plans (which may include personal resuscitation plans) for those with the most complex medical/surgical needs?	Yes	☐ No
23b.	How well is this system implemented in the regular care of severely disabled ch people?	ildren and y	oung
	Completely (all patients with complex needs have such a plan in place)	Not in	nplemented
	11.111.1111		



2.2			
24.	Are written communications, including Emergency Health Care Plans and 24 hour postural management plans, available in other languages or formats if required?	Yes	☐ No
25.	For children and young people seen in this service, is there access to a key wor for families?	ker/lead pro	fessional
	Routinely available for disabled children/young people and families		
	Only available for those with the most complex disabilities		
	Only available for pre-school children		
J. `	TRAINING		
26.	Is any training provided (either for specific procedures or broad areas of management) for children and young people seen by this community/disability service in aspects of self management?	☐ Yes	☐ No
27.	Is any training provided for parent carers of disabled children and young	-	
	people seen by this service in aspects of management, including technology dependencies (for example ventilator, gastrostomy tube, VP shunt)?	Yes	☐ No
28.	Does this service provide training for care workers locally in aspects of management of cerebral palsies?	Yes	☐ No
29a.	Does this service provide training for other professionals providing services for disabled children, young people and their families (e.g. doctors, therapists, teachers, social workers, health visitors, school staff, leisure providers etc)?	Yes	☐ No
29b.	If yes, does this training include any of the following?		
		0.001.11.11	
	☐ Disability training at induction ☐ Disability training embedded i	n regular tra	ining
	☐ No disability-specific training ☐ Other (Please specify)		
29c.	Are disabled children, young people and/or families involved in delivering any of the above training?	Yes	☐ No
29d.	If yes to question 29c, please provide details.		
K.	TRANSITION TO ADULT SERVICES		
30a.	Does this organisation have clear policies in place to ensure continuity of		
	patient care, including close handover between professionals, and familiarisation with case histories, at all interfaces and points of transitions of		
	care?	Yes	☐ No

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30b.	Does the recognised transition framework or policy specify the following elements? (Please tick all that apply)
	A designated specific care coordinator at transition?
	Clear written information including that of a key/lead contact within a particular agency?
	Clear information about emergency and out of hours access to advice if needed after transition?
	Regular and consistent age appropriate support at transition?
31.	What arrangements are in place for young people under this service to support person-centred transition to adult services? (Please tick all that apply)
	Specialist transition team/Person-centred planners
	Specialist learning disability transition nurse/s
	Specialist disabled children's social work team to support transition
	No specific transition arrangements
	Other (Please specify)
32a.	Within this organisation is transition to adult neurodisability services for young people based primarily on age?
32b.	If yes, at what age does transition generally occur between paediatric neurodisability services and services for adults? (Please specify)
33.	Is there a designated professional that leads on the planning of transition care between neurodisability services for young people and adults? Yes No
34.	Does this organisation monitor how well the transition policy works?
35.	Is there a policy for young people to be offered the opportunity to be seen separately from their parent/carer in this service? Yes No
36.	To what services do young people with cerebral palsies transfer when leaving paediatric services, when ongoing secondary healthcare is needed? (Answers may be multiple)
	□ No services to transfer to □ Specific transfer arrangements with GP
	Neuro-rehabilitation specialist Other specialist physician/surgeon (please specify)
37.	Are there MENTAL HEALTH services for young people with cerebral palsies in adult services:
	For those with a learning disability For those without a learning disability
	☐ Both ☐ Unknown
38.	Are there SOCIAL CARE services for young people with cerebral palsies in adult services: (Please tick all that apply)
	For those with a learning disability For those without a learning disability
	For those who are completely dependent on others for all of their care?
	Unknown
	1 957440 780605

39.	Are there services available to support young people with cerebral palsies with access to appropriate:			
	Work experience		Yes No	
	Employment		Yes No	
	Training		Yes No	
L. DECISION-MAKING WITH CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE WITH CEREBRAL PALSIES				
40a.		oung people aged 16 years or over nt care where there are concerns th ment of brain or mind?		
40b.	Does this always occur?		Yes No	
41a.	Is a best interests decision-making process embedded in your service for young people over 16 years of age who have been assessed as not having capacity to make a specific decision at a specific time and in specific circumstances?			
42.	Are there systems in place for the views of children and young people to inform service design and delivery?		to Yes No	
43.	Are there systems in place for the views of parent carers to inform service design and delivery?		vice Yes No	
M.	PALLIATIVE AND END	OF LIFE CARE		
40.	Who provides palliative care for children and young people with cerebral palsies under this service? (Please select all that apply)			
	☐ GP	General paediatrician	Community paediatrician	
	Paediatrician with specific expertise in disability (disability, community or general with specific expertise) and palliative care			
	Paediatric palliative care consultant locally	Paediatric palliative care consultant regionally	Adult palliative care consultant	
	Adult physician	Community children's nurse	Specialist palliative care nurse	
	Other (Please specify)			

THANK YOU FOR TAKING THE TIME TO COMPLETE THIS QUESTIONNAIRE

Funding for this study was provided by The Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership (HQIP) as part of The Clinical Outcome Review Programme into Child Health.

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