

SURGERY IN CHILDREN

(INCLUDING INTERVENTIONAL PROCEDURES)

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

Surgical Questionnaile	CONFIDENTIAL
Hospital number of patient:	
DETAILS OF CLINICIAN COMPLETING THIS C Grade: (please specify)	
Involvement with patient:	Specialty: (please specify)
Most senior surgeon present for the p	rimary procedure Clinical Lead/Director
Named consultant but not present	Other (please specify)
What is this study about?	How to complete this questionnaire?
NCEPOD is examining remediable factors in the process of care for children (17 years or younger) who died following surgery.	Information will be collected using two methods: Box cross and free text, where your clinical opinion will be requested.
Who should complete this questionnaire?	This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen. Please complete all questions with
The Consultant surgeon who was involved in the patients' primary procedure of the final admission should complete	either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes
the questionnaire.	Does this hospital admit patients as:
To ensure confidentiality of the data, completed questionnaires must be returned directly to NCEPOD, and not via your clinical audit department or similar.	
ou must not copy any part of this form.	If you make a mistake, please "black-out" the incorrect box and re-enter the correct information, e.g.
Please use the SAE provided.	_ Inpatients
Questions or help?	Unless indicated, please mark only one box per
If you have any queries about the study or this questionnaire, please contact NCEPOD at:	question.
Email: paediatricsurgery@ncepod.org.uk	Please return the completed questionnaire to NCEPOD in the SAE provided.
Telephone: 020 7631 3444	A copy MUST NOT be kept in the patients' notes
hank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire	e. The findings of the full study will be published in Spring 2011.
CPD Accreditation	Specific inclusions
Consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires make a valuable contribution to the investigation of patient care. Completion of questionnaires also provides an opportunity for consultants to review their clinical management and undertake a period of personal reflection. These activities have a continuing medical and professional development value for individual consultants. Consequently, NCEPOD	All patients 17 or younger that died within 30 days of an operation (including interventional procedures) carried out under a regional or general anaesthetic
recommends that consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires keep a record of this activity which can be included as evidence of internal/ self directed Continuous Professional Development in their appraisal portfolio.	
FOR NCEPOD USE ONLY	5 4 4 8 2 1 4 9 2 6 6 1 0

DEFINITION	S
American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) classification of physical status	ASA 1: A normal healthy patient ASA 2: A patient with a mild systemic disease ASA 3: A patient with a severe systemic disease ASA 4: A patient with a severe systemic disease that is a constant threat to life ASA 5: A moribund patient who is not expected to survive without the operation ASA 6: A declared brain-dead patient who's organs are being removed for donor purposes
Appropriate	The expected health benefit's to an average patient exceed the expected health risks by a sufficiently wide margin to make the intervention worthwhile and that intervention is superior to alternatives (including no intervention)
Clinical adverse events	An unitended injury caused by medical management rather than by the disease process and which is sufficiently serious to lead to prolongation of hospitalisation or to temporary or permenant impairment or disability to the patient at the time of discharge.
Clinical network	"A linked group of health professionals and organisations from primary, secondary and tertiary care and social care and other services working together in a coordinated manner with clear governance and accountability arrangements". (Department of Health Collaborative, 2004)
Critical incident	Any incident or event which has caused or could have caused an adverse outcome for the patient
Initial assessment (excluding triage)	The patient's first assessment by a healthcare member of staff (medical or nursing) to identify healthcare needs.
Level of care	Level 1: Normal ward care in an acute hospital e.g. General paediatric ward (mixed medical and surgical, medical paediatric ward, surgical paediatric ward) Level 2: High Dependency Unit for patients requiring more detailed observation or intervention including support for a single failing organ system or post-operative care and those 'stepping down' from higher levels of care e.g. stand alone HDU, designated beds within a PICU, NICU or SCBU. Level 3: For patients requiring advanced respiratory support alone or monitoring and support for two or more organ systems including all complex support for multi-organ failure e.g. Paediatric Intensive Care Unit, Neonatal Intensive Care Unit, Special Care Baby Unit
Medical assessment unit (MAU, SAU, etc)	An area where emergency patients are assessed and initial management undertaken by inpatient hospital teams. The patient is only in this area while initial assessment is made and then moved to another ward or discharged. The working of these units varies; some are purely for medical or surgical cases (MAU, SAU etc) while some function accross various specialties (CDU, AAU, etc).
Minimum standards of monitoring	"Pulse oximeter, non invasive blood pressure monitor, electrocardiograph, airway gases: oxygen, carbon dioxide and vaour and airway pressure. The following must also be available; a nerve stimulator whenever a muscle relaxant is used and a means of measuring the patient's temperature" Association of Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland, 2007.
NCEPOD theatre	A staffed (medical, nursing and ancillary) emergency operating theatre available on a 24-hour basis; Trusts admitting urgent and emergency cases ,must ensure they are provided
Primary operation	The operation or procedure undertaken for which the patient was admitted to hospital. This can include interventional procedures
Recovery area	An area to which patients are admitted following an operation or procedure, and where they remain until consciousness is regained, respiration and circulation are stable, and post operative analgesia is established. The periodic observation of selected basic physiological signs ('tracking') with
Track & Trigger	predetermined calling or response criteria ('trigger') for requesting the attendance of staff who have specific competencies in the management of acute illness and/or critical care. (National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence, 2007)
Urgency of admission	Elective: A planned or booked admission; Emergency: All non elective admissions.



A. PATIENT DETAILS

1.	What was the gender of the patient?	Male Female
2.	Date of birth	d d m m y y y y
3a.	. Was the patient less than one year of age at the time of the primary operation? Please see definitions	Yes No Unknow
3b.	gestation?	Yes No Unknow
3с.	. If answered 'YES', what was the gestational age at birth?	Weeks Days
4.		al Hospital: >500 beds diatric Hospital
5.	What was the date and time of death?	d d m m y y y y h h m m
6a.	. How many patients have been admitted to this hospital for the same or equivalent diagnosis of this patient in the last year?	
6b.	Est	dit timate known



D	$\sim \Lambda$	CE	e i	IRA	RЛ	ARY
О.	UH	3E	ЭL	JIVI	IVI.	ARI

7.	Please use this section to provide a brief su	mmary of this case, adding any additional comments
1 E	or information you feel relevant. (Please w	rite clearly for the benefit of the specialist advisory res). You may also type on a seperate sheet.
		this summary. Please give as much information as
_	possible about the care of this patient.	- time dammary, i reade give de maen inicimianen de
_		
C	C. ADMISSION DETAILS	
8a.	. What was the date of admission?	
		dd mm yyyy
8b.	. What was the time of admission?	
		h h m m
9.	What was the urgency of the admission?	☐ Elective ☐ Emergency ☐ Unknown
10.	. Was this admission? (Multiple boxes can be	e ticked)
	Planned	An intra hospital transfer
	Direct from GP	An inter hospital transfer
	Via Emergency Department/ Children's acute admission unit	Other (please specify)



	Please see definitions
11.	To what level of care was the patient first admitted?
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Unknown
	Other (please specify)
12.	What was the specialty of admitting consultant? Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24
13a.	In your opinion, was the specialty of the first admission
13b.	If answered 'NO', which specialty should the patient have been admitted? Please provide details:
14.	In your opinion, was there any delay in transfer to the Specialty performing surgery?
15.	Please tick the patient's health status at the time of admission? (Please tick one box only)
	ASA 1: A normal healthy patient
	ASA 2: A patient with a mild systemic disease
	ASA 3: A patient with a severe systemic disease
	ASA 4: A patient with a severe systemic disease that is a constant threat to life
	ASA 5: A moribund patient who is not expected to survive the operation
D.	DIAGNOSIS
16.	What was the primary pre-operative diagnosis in this patient prior to the time of the primary operation (PLEASE PRINT)
17.	When was the diagnosis made?
	Antenatally
	Prior to admission to hospital for the primary operation
	Following admission to hospital for the primary operation
18a.	In your opinion was there a delay in making the diagnosis of the patient?
18b.	If answered 'YES', in your opinion, did the delay affect

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19a.	In your opinion was there a delay in the referral of the patient to the surgical team?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
19b.	If answered 'YES', in your opinion did the delay affect the outcome?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
Ple	ease answer questions 20-24 if the patient required su	urgery up to 68	weeks pos	t gestational age
20a.	If diagnosis was made antenatally, at how many weeks gestation was the diagnosis made?			
20b.	Were any other fetal abnormalities picked up at this time	e?	☐ No	Unknown
20c.	Was there a plan for post-natal care?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
21a.	If the diagnosis was not made antenatally, could it have been?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
21b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details:			
22a.	Was the baby delivered in the hospital where the primary operation was carried out?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
22b.	If answered 'NO', why was this?			
	No antenatal diagnosis indicating need f	or neonatal sur	gery	
	No maternity unit in this hospital			
	Insufficient cots in the hospital in which	the baby was b	orn	
	Other (please specify)			
	Other (please specify)			
23.	If answered 'NO' to Q22a, was there appropriate planning for transfer to receiving tertiary unit?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
24.	In your opinion did the time taken to transfer the baby affect the outcome?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
24. —	affect the outcome?	☐ Yes	☐ No	Unknown
		Yes	☐ No	Unknown
24. — 25.	affect the outcome?	pital of	□ No	Unknown
	To be completed for all patients: If the diagnosis was made prior to admission to the hos	pital of	□ No	Unknown
	To be completed for all patients: If the diagnosis was made prior to admission to the hos the primary operation (Q17b), then was the diagnosis m	pital of nade in:	□ No	
	To be completed for all patients: If the diagnosis was made prior to admission to the hos the primary operation (Q17b), then was the diagnosis made GP surgery	pital of nade in:	se state spe	
	To be completed for all patients: If the diagnosis was made prior to admission to the hos the primary operation (Q17b), then was the diagnosis m GP surgery Outpatients from the surgical team of the hospital where the primary operation	pital of nade in: Plea	se state spe specialty 24	
	To be completed for all patients: If the diagnosis was made prior to admission to the hos the primary operation (Q17b), then was the diagnosis m GP surgery Outpatients from the surgical team of the hospital where the primary operation was undertaken Outpatients from another specialty of the hospital where the primary operation was	pital of nade in: Plea Please use national codes listed on page	se state spe specialty 24 specialty 24 specialty	



26.	If diagnosis was mathis as an:	ade following admi	ssion to the hospita	al of the primar	y operation	('Q17c'), was
				Ple	ease state s	pecialty:
		the surgical team mary operation wa		Please use national s codes listed on page		
		ı another specialty mary operation wa		Please use national s codes listed on page		
		n another specialty where the primary en		Please use national codes listed on page		
	Other (please	e specify)				
E.	HOSPITAL	TRANSFER	3			
COI	he patient was tran mplete this section SECTION F.		V-		A.	7. ·
27.	On what date and a to the referring hos		ne child admitted	d	d m m	у у у у
28.	On what date and a that this child requi		ne decision made	h d	d m m	y y y y
29.	What was the reas	son(s) for requestir	ng a transfer? (ansv	h vers may be mı		
	Severity of cl	nical condition				
	For reasons	of clinical expertise	in the receiving ho	spital		
	Transfer to a	Regional Unit				
	Lack of surge	ons in required sp	ecialty at the referri	ng hospital		
	Lack of anae	sthetists at the refe	erring hospital			
	Lack of critical	al care beds at the	referring hospital			
	Lack of other	specialist membe	rs of staff at the ref	erring hospital		
	If answered "	Yes', to any of the	options above, giv	e details:		
	Other (please	specify)				
	☐ Other (piease	, opcony)				



30a. What were the grades of clinicians who communicated with each other to make the decision to transfer the patient at the: Referring hospital? Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) Consultant Staff Grade or Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CTs) Associate Specialist Other (please specify) Trainee with CCT Senior specialist trainee (SpR Unknown 3+ or ST5+) 30b. Receiving hospital? Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) Consultant Staff Grade or Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CTs) Associate Specialist Other (please specify) Trainee with CCT Senior specialist trainee (SpR Unknown 3+ or ST5+) 31a. In your opinion was the transfer appropriate? No Yes Unknown **31b.** If answered 'NO', please provide details: 32. Were the referring and receiving hospitals Unknown No Yes part of a children's clinical care network? Please see definitions 33a. Are you aware of any difficulties that the referring No Unknown Yes hospital had in finding an appropriate recipient hospital? 33b. If answered 'YES', please provide details: 34. Was the patient: Transferred using the referring hospital's team? Retrieved from the referring hospital by a team from this hospital? Please see definitions Transferred using a dedicated specialist retrieval service (separate from either hospital involved) Unknown 35a. In your opinion was there a significant deterioration Yes No Unknown in the patient's condition during the transfer?



35b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details:
36a.	In your opinion was the care given to the patient during Yes No Unknown transfer appropriate?
36b.	If answered 'NO', please provide details:
37a.	Was this transfer delayed at any stage? Yes No Unknown
37b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details:
38a.	If the transfer was delayed did this, in your opinion, affect the outcome?
38b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details:
39.	Following the transfer, on arrival at the receiving hospital what was the physiological status of the patient?
	No physiological disturbance Cardiorespiratory compromise
	Respiratory compromise Unknown
	Circulatory compromise
40.	Was a formal scoring system used to assess the severity of the illness of the patient? (E.g. Paediatric Index of Mortality)

F. PRE-OPERATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT & DECISION MAKING

41.	Who made	the decision	to perform	the primary op	eratio	n of the pation	ent?		
a.	Specialty:	Please use natio	nal specialty co	des listed on page 2	24				
b.	Grade:	Consultant				Junior spec	ialist traine	e (SpR 1&2	2)
		Staff Grade	e or Associa	ate Specialist		Basic grade or CTs)	(ST1 & S1	2, FY,	
		Trainee wit	h CCT			Other (pleas	se specify)		
		Senior spec (SpR 3+ or		ee		Unknown			
42a.		nion was there ke the primary				Yes	☐ No	Unkn	own
42b.	If answere	d 'YES', pleas	e provide d	etails:					
43.	What was	the grade of tl	ne most sei	nior surgeon v	vho re	viewed this p	atient pre-	operatively	?
		Consultant				Basic grade or CTs)	(ST1 & S1	2, FY,	
] Staff Grade	or Associa	ate Specialist		Other (pleas	se specify)		
		Trainee wit	h CCT						
		Senior spec (SpR 3+ or		ee				_	
		Junior spec	cialist traine	e (SpR 1&2)	Ш	Unknown			
44a.		ecision to ope meeting prior				Yes	☐ No	Unkr	own
44b.	If answere	d 'YES' , whic	h specialtie	s were repres	ented'	?: Please use na	itional specialty	codes listed on	ı page 24
						Unknown			
45.	take place	d 'NO' to 44a, between clinic ty of the surge	cians either	between or w	ithin	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Unkr	iown



46.	How often does the surgical tea MDT meetings?	m who undertook the prir	nary operation undertake formal
47.	Were formal Paediatric Early Weemployed for the patient pre-ope		rigger systems) Please see definitions
1 8a.	Did the patient suffer from any c	comorbidities affecting the	Yes No Unknown following systems prior to the operation?
	Cardiac	Respiratory	Genetic abnormality or syndrome
	Renal	Haematological	Gastrointestinal
	Vascular	Sepsis	Neurological
	Endocrine	Musculoskeletal	Psychiatric
	Other (please specify)		Unknown
	None		
48b.	If answered 'YES', which specia the comorbidities?	ılties, other than the surgi	cal team, were involved in managing
	Paediatricians	Yes No	Unknown
	Anaesthetists	Adult Pa	ediatric Neonatologist
	Intensivists	Adult Pa	ediatric Neonatologist
	Cardiologists	Adult Pa	ediatric Neonatologist
	Other	Adult Pa	ediatric Neonatologist
	Unknown	Adult Pa	ediatric Neonatologist
	No additional specialty invo	lvement	
	Not applicable - emergency	admission	
G.	CONSENT		
49.	From whom was consent for the	e primary operation obtair	ed?
	Patient	Next of kin	
	No consent obtained (please provide details:)	Parent/ guar	dian



50.	. If consent was not obtained from the patier	nt, was this because:
	Patient lacked capacity	Patient was a ward of Court
	Patient was too young	Other (please specify)
	Patient was unconscious	
51.	If consent was not obtained from the patien	t or their next of kin, who signed the consent form:
	Patient advocate	Legal representative
	Mental capacity advocate	Foster parent/carer
	Social Services	Other (please specify)
52.	When was consent obtained?	
	Prior to admission	Other (please specify)
	Post admission/ pre-operation	Not applicable (No consent obtained)
53.	What was the specialty of the healthcare pr	rofessional obtained consent for the operation?
	Please use national specialty	codes listed on page 24
	What was the grade of healthcare profession	onal who obtained consent for the operation?
54.	Consultant	Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2)
	Staff Grade or Associate Specialist	Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CTs)
	Trainee with CCT	Other (please specify)
	Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+)	Unknown
EE	In your opinion, was the destar obtaining of	ana anti:
55.	In your opinion, was the doctor obtaining co	
		operation with an experienced assistant
		served the operation previously
	Someone who had only or	and openation promoted by
	Other (please specify)	
56.		

8 4 4 8 2 1 4 5 6 6 0 2 8

57a.	Was death documented as a potential operation on the consent form?	al risk of this	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
57b.	If answered 'YES' was a percentage	risk given?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
57c.	If answered 'YES' to 57a was the risk	of death during t	his operation:		
	Totally unexpected				
	Small Risk (<5%)				
	Major risk (5-25%)				
	High risk (25-50%)				
	Probable (>50%)				
58.	Was written information about the proprovided to the patient/parents or guaranteed	•	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
(1	f available please include a copy of th	e information leat	let with this fo	rm)	
J.	PRE-OPERATIVE CAR	-			
ı •.	TIVE-OF ENAMED CAN	_			
<u> </u>	TRE-OF ERATIVE CAR				
59 .	What medical support was employed		·		
		d pre-operatively?	spired oxygen		
	What medical support was employed	d pre-operatively?			
	What medical support was employed	d pre-operatively? Added in:		· monitoring	3
	What medical support was employed None CPAP	d pre-operatively? Added in:	spired oxygen cardiovascular	· monitoring	9
	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive	spired oxygen cardiovascular	· monitorino	
59.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive Metabolic	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify)	· monitoring	No Unknown
59. 60a.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support Unknown	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive Metabolic Other (ple	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify)		
59. 60a.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support Unknown Were intravenous fluids administered	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive of Metabolic Other (ple	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify) ?		
59. 60a.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support Unknown Were intravenous fluids administered If answered 'YES', what were the get	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive Metabolic Other (ple	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify) ?		
59. 60a.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support Unknown Were intravenous fluids administered If answered 'YES', what were the get Maintenance IV fluids only,	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive of Metabolic Other (plet) d prior to surgery? eneral indications? as patient was ni	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify) ?		
59. 60a.	What medical support was employed None CPAP Inotropic support Renal support Unknown Were intravenous fluids administered If answered 'YES', what were the get Maintenance IV fluids only, Correction of electrolyte imb	d pre-operatively? Added in: IPPV Invasive of Metabolic Other (plet) d prior to surgery? eneral indications? as patient was ni	spired oxygen cardiovascular c support ease specify) ?		



60c. If answered 'YES' to 60a, what type of fluid w	vas administered? (a	answers may be mult	riple)
<u> </u>	% saline	5% dextrose	p.(0)
	tmann's solution	0.18% saline/49	√ dextrose
	atine solution		artmann's solution
Starch solution Bloc		Blood products	
	er (please specify)		
61a. In your opinion was the pre-operative prepara patient adequate?	auon or the	∐ Yes ∐ No	Unknown
61b. If answered 'NO', what additional preparation	n should have been	undertaken?	
61c. If answered 'NO' to 61a, did this affect the pa	atient's outcome?	Yes No	Unknown
61d If answered 'YES', please provide details:			
62a. What was the last location of the patient prior	or to the primary ope	Please see defini ration?	tions
Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Jnknown	
Other (please specify)			
62b. In your opinion was this the most appropriate	location?	Yes No	Unknown
62c. If answered 'NO', where should the patient ha	ave been located?		
Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Unknown	
Other (please specify)			
62d. If answered 'NO' to 62a, what was the reaso	on for the patient not	being in the appropr	iate location?
62e. In your opinion, did this affect the outcome?	1	Yes No	Unknown
62f. If answered 'YES', please provide details:			

I. C	OPERATION	
63.	What was the date of the primary operation?	
64.	What operation was performed? (PLEASE PRINT)	d d m m y y y y
65.	What was the specialty of surgeon performing surger Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24	ery?
66.	What was the urgency of the surgery at the time that	at the primary operation was performed?
	IMMEDIATE: Immediate life or limb saving su simultaneous with surgical treatment	urgery. Resuscitation
	URGENT: Acute onset or deterioration of con organ survival; fixation of fractures; relief of di acute surgical admissons not requiring an ope	distressing symptoms including
	EXPEDITED: Stable patient requiring early int not an immediate threat to life, limb or organ s	
	ELECTIVE: Surgical procedure planned or bo admission to hospital	ooked in advance of routine
67.	How many days after admission did surgery occur?	
68a.	Was surgery delayed/ postponed?	Yes No Unknown
68b.	If answered 'YES' to 68a, was this because:	
	Further investigations were required	Lack of appropriate theatre nurses
	Period of resuscitation was required	Lack of an appropriate ODP (anaesthetic)
	Lack of operating theatre time	No paediatric high dependency bed
	Other more urgent case	☐ No PICU bed
	Lack of an appropriate surgeon	Other (please specify)
	Lack of an appropriate anaesthetist	



No

Unknown

Yes

68c. If answered 'YES' to 68a, in your opinion did the delay affect the outcome?

68d.	If answered 'YES', please provide details	:			
69a.	Were there any problems in team-working personnel in the operating theatre?	ng amongst the	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
69b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details	3:			
70a	In your opinion, were their any deficiencie	as in specialised		□ No	Unknown
rua.	equipment that reduced the ability to per		∐ Yes	☐ 140	☐ OHKHOWH
70b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details	i:			
71a.	In your opinion was there competent the support during the operation?	atre nursing	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
71b.	If answered 'NO', please provide details:				
72a.	In your opinion, with hindsight, was the c	correct operation perf	ormed?	Yes	☐ No
72b.	If answered 'NO', what operation should	have been undertake	en?		
72c.	If answered 'NO' to 72a, did this affect th	e patient's outcome?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
73.	What was the patient's health status imm (please tick one box only)	nediately prior to the p	orimary opera	ation	
[ASA 1: A normal healthy patient	ASA 4: A patied disease that is			ic
[ASA 2: A patient with a mild systemic disease	ASA 5: A morit			
[ASA 3: A patient with a severe systemic disease	Unknown			



At the start of the operation (planned involvement) Consultant Staff Grade/ Associate Specialist Trainee with CCT Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+) Junior specialist trainee (SpR 182) Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify) Unknown 5. If the surgeon was not a consultant, how was any supervision given? Assisting — trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed — Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre — Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in inheatre observing and available for advice Performed — Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee — trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE Sa. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate? Yes No Not applicable	What was the grade of the most senior op from surgeons present in an assisting or s		y operation (as distinct
Staff Grade/ Associate Specialist Trainee with CCT Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+) Junior specialist trainee (SpR 182) Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify) Unknown If the surgeon was not a consultant, how was any supervision given? Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised-trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee – trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE Sa. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown In your opinion, was this location appropriate?			encountered intra-operatively
Trainee with CCT Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+) Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify) Unknown If the surgeon was not a consultant, how was any supervision given? Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee – trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE Sa. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Consultant		
Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+) Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify) Unknown If the surgeon was not a consultant, how was any supervision given? Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee – trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE Sa. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Staff Grade/ Associate Specialist		
Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify) Unknown Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee – trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE Sa. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown	Trainee with CCT		
Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's) Other (please specify)	Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+)		
Other (please specify)	Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2)		
Unknown Comparison	Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CT's)		
5. If the surgeon was not a consultant, how was any supervision given? Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee –trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE 6a. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Other (please specify)		
Assisting – trainee scrubbed to assist but not taking a leading part in the operation itself, i.e. in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Trainee and supervisor scrubbed for the majority of the operation but the trainee taking a lead part in the majority of the surgery Supervised – trainer unscrubbed but in theatre – Trainee performing the operation with supervisor in theatre observing and available for advice Performed – Trainee performing operation without supervisor immediately available in theatre Training more junior trainee – trainee scrubbed as supervisor while a more junior trainee takes the leading role in the operation Not documented J. POST OPERATIVE CARE 6a. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Unknown		
6a. What was the first ward location of the patient after recovery following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown 6b. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Assisting – trainee scrubbed to ass in the dissection, anastomosis. Supervised-trainer scrubbed – Train operation but the trainee taking a less supervised – trainer unscrubbed bus supervisor in theatre observing and Performed – Trainee performing operations of takes the leading role in the operation.	ist but not taking a leading pa nee and supervisor scrubbed ad part in the majority of the s at in theatre – Trainee perform available for advice eration without supervisor immediates	for the majority of the surgery ning the operation with mediately available in theatre
following the primary operation? Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24 Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	. POST OPERATIVE CARE		
Level 2 Level 3 Other (please specify) N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	following the primary operation?	-	
N/A e.g. patient died in the operating theatre/ recovery area Unknown Sb. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Level 1 Please state specialty	if appropriate: Please use national sp	pecialty codes listed on page 24
6b. In your opinion, was this location appropriate?	Level 2 Level 3	Other (please specif	y)
	N/A e.g. patient died in the ope	rating theatre/ recovery area	Unknown
Yes No Not applicable	b. In your opinion, was this location approp	oriate?	
	Yes No	Not applicable	



76c.	If answered 'NO',to 76b where should the patient have gone?
	Level 1 Please state specialty if appropriate: Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24
	Level 2 Other (please specify)
76d.	If answered 'NO' to 76b, please give details as to why this location was not appropriate?
76e.	If answered 'NO' to 76b, did this, in your opinion, affect the outcome?
76f.	If answered 'YES' , please give details:
77.	Which specialties participated in the medical management in the post operative period? Please use national specialty codes listed on page 24
Г	Not applicable Unknown Other (please specify)
'8a.	At any stage during the postoperative period, was it considered that an upgrade of care was required to another area?
79b.	If answered 'YES', was the patient transferred to Yes No Unknown another area?
79c.	If answered 'YES', to which level of care was the patient transferred?
	Level 3 Level 2
	Specialist ward General ward
	Unknown Other (please specify)
7 9d.	If answered 'NO' to 79b, why was the patient not transferred?
	Lack of a Level 2 bed Lack of a Level 3 bed Unknown
	Other (Please specify)
30a.	Did this patient undergo any other operations (in addition to the documented primary operation) as part of the same admission?
30b.	If answered 'YES', please provide details (PLEASE PRINT):



K. COMPLICATIONS AND CRITICAL INCIDENTS **COMPLICATIONS** 81a. During the admission did any complications occur? Yes Unknown No (E.g. Sepsis) If answered 'NO', please go to question 82. 81b. If answered 'YES', when did these occur in relation to the primary operation: Pre-operatively? Intra-operatively? Postoperatively? Unknown 81c. Please provide details of any complications and how they were managed: If the complication(s) arose during the operation: 81d. In your opinion, could any pre-operative therapeutic Yes No Unknown manoeuvres have been undertaken to prevent them from occuring? 81e. If answered 'YES', please provide details: 81f. With the benefit of hindsight, could any of these Yes Unknown complications have been avoided by performing an alternative opertation? 81a. If answered 'YES', please provide details: 81h. If answered 'YES' to 81f, do you think this might have Yes No Unknown altered the outcome?



81i. If answered 'YES', please provide details:

CRITICAL INCIDENTS

Please see definitions

82a.	During the admission, were there any unexpected critical inci	idents prior to the patient's death?
	If annuavad INOL places as to supption 92	Yes No Unknown
82b	If answered 'NO', please go to question 83. If answered 'YES', when did these occur in relation to the pr	imary operation?
020.	Pre-operatively Intra-operati	• .
	☐ Postoperatively ☐ Unknown	,
00.		
82C.	If answered 'YES' to 82a, please provide details of the critical	ii incident(s) and now they were managed
82d.	If answered 'YES', to 82a in your opinion did the critical incident(s) influence the outcome?	Yes No Unknown
82e.	If answered 'YES', please provide details:	
L		
L	. DEATH	
L 83.		
L 83.		Level 3
L 83.	Where did the patient die?	Level 3 Emergency department
L 83.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2	
	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room	Emergency department
8 4 a.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify)	Emergency department Unknown
84a. 84b.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify) Was this case referred to a coroner?	Emergency department Unknown Yes No Unknown
84a. 84b. 84c.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify) Was this case referred to a coroner? If answered 'YES', was this case accepted by a coroner?	Emergency department Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown
84a. 84b. 84c.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify) Was this case referred to a coroner? If answered 'YES', was this case accepted by a coroner? Was a coronial autopsy performed? If answered 'NO', was a consented autopsy	Emergency department Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown Unknown
84a. 84b. 84c. 84d.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify) Was this case referred to a coroner? If answered 'YES', was this case accepted by a coroner? Was a coronial autopsy performed? If answered 'NO', was a consented autopsy performed? If either autopsy was performed, did it confirm the diagnosis of this patient?	Emergency department Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown How Yes No Unknown How Yes No Unknown
84a. 84b. 84c. 84d.	Where did the patient die? Level 1 Level 2 Operating theatre/recovery room Other (please specify) Was this case referred to a coroner? If answered 'YES', was this case accepted by a coroner? Was a coronial autopsy performed? If answered 'NO', was a consented autopsy performed? If either autopsy was performed, did it confirm the diagnosis of this patient? If an autopsy was performed, were any	Emergency department Unknown Yes No Unknown Hes No Unknown Hes No Unknown

D. I	f answered 'YES', please list these:
c. l	If an autopsy was not performed, please explain why:
	Following the patient's death did the parents/guardians Yes No Unknown meet with a member of the surgical team?
o. I	If answered 'YES', which member of the team met the parents/guardians?
	Consultant Staff grade of Associate specialist
	☐ Trainee with CCT ☐ Senior specialist trainee (SpR 3+ or ST5+)
	☐ Junior specialist trainee (SpR 1&2) ☐ Basic grade (ST1 & ST2, FY, or CTs)
	Unknown Other (please specify)
Л.	AUDIT
a.	Was this death discussed at an Morbidity and Mortality (M&M) meeting?
o.	If answered 'YES', who was present? (please tick more than 1 box if appropriate)
	Patient's consultant surgeon Neonatologist
	Other member of surgical team Paediatric cardiologist
	Other consultant surgeons from the same specialty Hospital management team
	Consultants from other specialties Oncologist
	Consultant Anaesthetist Other (please specify)
	Paediatric Medicine
	☐ Medico-legal team ☐ Unknown
	What conclusions were reached at the M&M meeting?
·	This considers were reasoned at the main meeting.
	Did discussion at the M&M meeting lead to any changes to departmental practice? Yes No Unknown
	changes to departmental practice?

more was	
91a.	Vas this patient's operation and/or death recorded on a Yes No Unknown atabase?
91b.	answered 'YES', was this:
	A departmental database
	A regional specialty database
	A national specialty database (E.g. Central Cardiac Audit Unknown Database)
91c	a NATIONAL specialty database was used, please specify which one:
N	COMMENTS
	se write here any additional comments you might have that have not been covered in

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire

Please supply photocopies of the following casenote extracts with your questionnaire:

TIME PERIOD: PRE-ASSESSMENT TO DEATH

- · Inpatient and outpatient annotations from pre-admission to death
- Integrated care pathways
- Nursing notes
- Drug charts
- Imaging reports
- PICU / SCBU charts
- Fluid balance charts
- Operation notes
- Notes from MDT meetings
- Consent forms
- · Pathology results
- Haematology (FBC), biochemistry results (LFT, U&E),
- · Incident report form and details of outcome
- Post mortem report
- Discharge summary
- · Operation notes
- · Anaesthetic charts
- Pre-anaesthetic or pre-admission protocols/checklists
- · Recovery room records
- DNAR documentation



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NATIONAL SPECIALTY CODES 100 = General Surgery 160 = Plastic Surgery 212 = Paediatric Transplantation 214 = Paediatric Trauma and S 101 = Urology 161 = Burns care Orthopaedics Ü 104 = Colorectal Surgery 170 = Cardiothoracic Surgery 215 = Paediatric Ear, Nose and R 105 = Hepatobiliary & Pancreatic 171 = Paediatric Surgery Throat Surgery G 106 = Upper Gastrointestinal 172 = Cardiac Surgery 217 = Paediatric Maxillo-Facial 1 Surgery Surgery C 107 = Vascular Surgery 218 = Paediatric Neurosurgery 173 = Thoracic Surgery Α 110 = Trauma and Orthopaedics 180 = Accident and Emergency 219 = Paediatric Plastic Surgery 120 = Ear, Nose & Throat (ENT) 192 = Critical or Intensive Care 220 = Paediatric Burns Care Medicine 130 = Opthalmology 221 = Paediatric Cardiac Surgery 145 = Maxillo-Facial Surgery 211 = Paediatric Urology 222 = Paediatric Thoracic Surgery 150 = Neurosurgery 242 = Paediatric Intensive Care 251 = Paediatric Gastroenterology 321 = Paediatric Cardiology 500 = Obstetrics and Gynaecology 253 = Paediatric Clinical 320 = Dermatology 501 = Obstetrics M Haematology E 258 = Paediatric Respiratory 340 = Thoracic/Respiratory 502 = Gynaecology D Medicine Medicine ı 260 = Paediatric Medical 360 = Genito-Urinary Medicine 800 = Clinical Oncology C Oncology Α 300 = General Medicine 370 = Medical Oncology 810 = Radiology L 301 = Gastroenterology 811 = Interventional Radiology 361 = Nephrology 302 = Endocrinology 400 = Neurology 820 = General Pathology 306 = Hepatology **401** = Clinical Neuro-Physiology 821 = Blood Transfusion 307 = Diabetic Medicine 420 = Paediatrics 822 = Chemical Pathology 314 = Rehabilitation 421 = Paediatric Neurology 823 = Haematology 000 = Other (Medical or Surgical) 320 = Cardiology 422 = Neonatology



NCEPOD 4-8 Maple Street London W1T 5HD

